CAPSULE SUMMARY - HOWLIN BARN 'B' (CT-1056)

Howlin Barn 'B' is representative of barns constructed in pre-Civil War Calvert County. Consisting of a 24 x 40 transverse axis plan barn with an original shed on the south side, the barn is located on a sloping field on the edge of Smoky road in Huntingtown. Its historical association is not known. Both the barn and shed make use of re-used materials. In spite of modifications to allow vehicle access, original materials include vertical weatherboards attached with cut nails, and a shingle roof extant below metal sheathing.

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Magi No.

4				
<u>1. Nam</u>	10 (indicate pr	eferred name)		
historic				
and/or common	Howlin Barn	В		
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	. Smoky Rd.			not for publication
city, town	tuntingtown	X Lower Mar1	boro congressional district	
MD state		county	Calvert	
3. Clas	sification	County		
Category district x building(s) structure site object	Ownership public both Public Acquisition in process being considered not applicable	Status occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation x other:unused
<u>4. Own</u>	er of Prope	rty (give names a	nd mailing addresses	
name Ed H	owlin Constructi	on		
street & number	2880 Dunkirk Wa	У	telephone no	.: 257-2500
city, town Dur	nkirk	state	and zip code MD 20	754
5. Loca	ation of Lega	al Description	on	
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. Calve	rt County Courth	ouse	liber ABE 289
street & number	Main S	treet (MD 765)		folio 676
city, town P	rince Frederick		state M	D
6. Repr	esentation	in Existing	Historical Surve	ys
iltle				
date			federal state	county local
pository for sui	rvey records			
city, town			state	
			State	

Check one unaltered altered			
	unaltered	unaltered original s	unaltered original site

CT-1056

Survey No.

7. Description

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

See Attachment.

8. \$	ign	ificance		Survey No. CT-	1056
1600 1700 1800)—1499)—1599)—1699)—1799)—1899	archeology-historic	community planning conservation	landscape architecture law literature military music t philosophy politics/government	sciencesculpturesocial/humanitariantheater
Specific	dates		Builder/Architect		
check:	aı	cable Criteria:And/or cable Exception:		EFG	
	Leve	of Significance: _	_nationalstate	local	
Prepare	both	a summary paragraph See Attachment	of significance and a	a general statement o	of history and

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No.CT-1056

10. Geogra	phical Data		
Acreage of nominated prop Quadrangle name Lower UTM References do NOT	Marlboro, MD Complete UTM refe	rences	Quadrangle scale $1:24000$
A Zone Easting	Northing	B Zone	Easting Northing
C		D	
Verbal boundary descri	ties for properties ove		
state	code	county	code
11. Form Pi		county	
c/o Calvert Cou	illiamsen-Berry nty Historic Di f Planning and	strict Commiss Zoning da	
0			
street & number Courth	ouse	tel	lephone 535-1600

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438

7. DESCRIPTION CT-1056

Howlin barn B is located on the corner of Cari and Smoky Roads. The barn is reached by taking highway four to Lower Marlboro Rd., turning onto Mill Bridge Road and taking this to Smoky Road. This barn is scheduled to be demolished in order to develop the area. The ground that the barn is situated on has eroded greatly to the west, and slopes down on the east side. The barn roof is on a north-south axis. There is no farm or farm house that the barn is associated with. The pre-Civil War era barn measures forty by twenty-four feet and employs hewn timbers and fully mature machine cut nails in its construction. There is an original fifteen foot wide shed on the south side.

The barn is separated into five eight foot bays, and has a transverse axis plan, with doors centered along each facade. barn contains ten rooms. Concrete blocks and large unmortared field stones support the frame. The posts are hewn and joined to the top plate with mortise and tenon joints with trunnels. The sill has braces, cross sill, and top plate are also hewn. been cut out in order to accommodate vehicle passage through the central aisle, but the eight-foot wide doorway appears original. Many of the timbers have non-sensical empty mortises, and appear The nails that are original to the barn to be re-used. construction are fully mature machine cut nails. A few unusual nails with a central "bulls-eye" marking are visible in the downbraces where they join the sill. The vertical wall siding that covers the exterior of the barn appears original. Consistent with its nineteenth-century date, the barn has no The original wooden shingle roof is still in ventilation doors. place under the metal roof that now covers the barn. The rafters are on four foot centers and rest on a flat false plate. posts, windbraces, and three collars support the roof. Tier poles are separated by forty-three inches vertical distance. poles down the central axis are separated by four feet. The reused timbers have stud mortises and some wrought nails. barn was probably largely built from the remains of an eighteenth century barn.

The bay divisions of the south shed correspond to those of the barn. The shed has no sill and is constructed of earth-fast posts. The nailing rails and other lower timbers are circular sawn and lighter than those of the barn. The upper timbers including the tie beams and rafters are hewn and pit sawn. There are no nails or nail holes in the barn rafters below their junction with the shed rafters so the south shed is probably original. It is likely that the lower portions have had to be replaced due to weathering over the years. The south shed has plain vertical siding with minimal ventilation. An original wooden shingle roof still remains under the metal roof.

8. STGNTFTCANCE CT-1056

This barn is architecturally significant as a member of the twenty-four by forty foot pre Civil War tobacco barn group found during this survey. It is also significant as an example of extensive re-use of timbers and materials from an earlier barn. The southern exposure of the shed appears to be the most frequent location of an original shed.

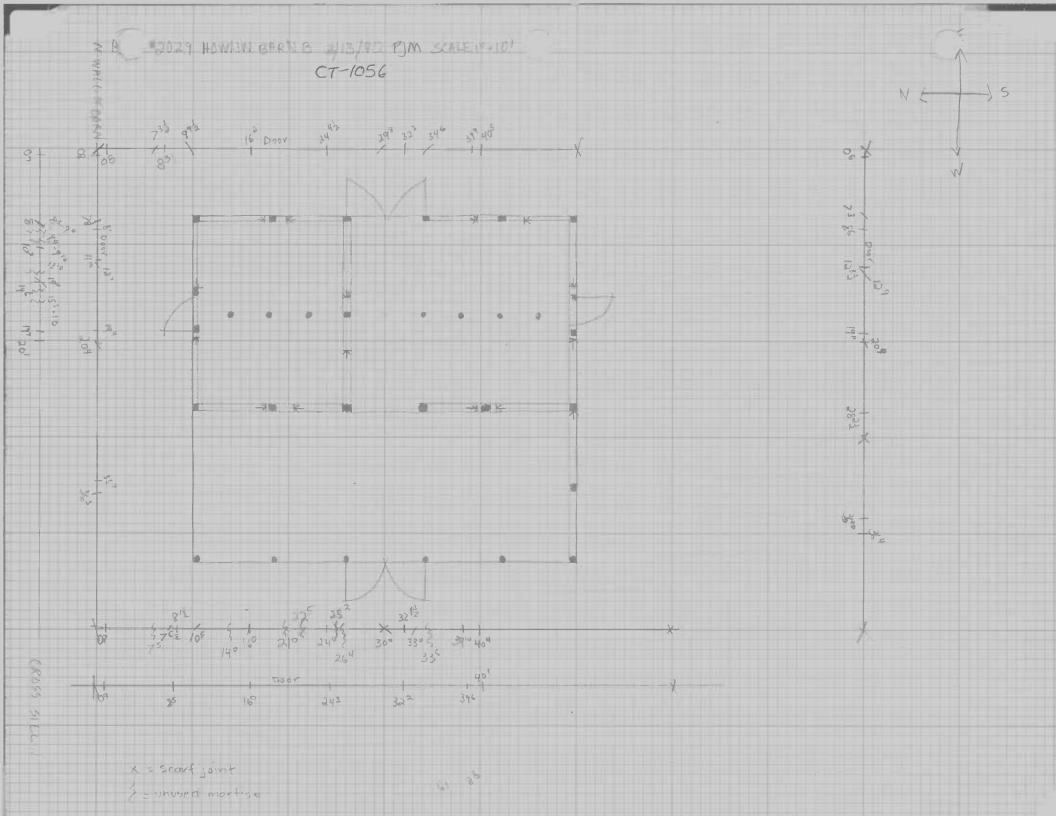
This barn also yields information regarding agricultural history in Southern Maryland. In February 1990, a tobacco barn survey was initiated in order to study the tobacco barns of Calvert County. Until fairly recently, tobacco was the most important farm crop of the county. More acreage was devoted to its cultivation than for both of the next most extensive farm products (corn and wheat). The barns and stripping houses related to this "Tobacco Culture" are widely recognized as the These structures are most common element on the rural landscape. also the most threatened, as the market for tobacco declines. They seem to have, at present, only limited capabilities for reuse. Many barns and stripping houses now stand empty. The purpose of this survey has been to gather information and document a wide sample of these structures before they disappear from the landscape.

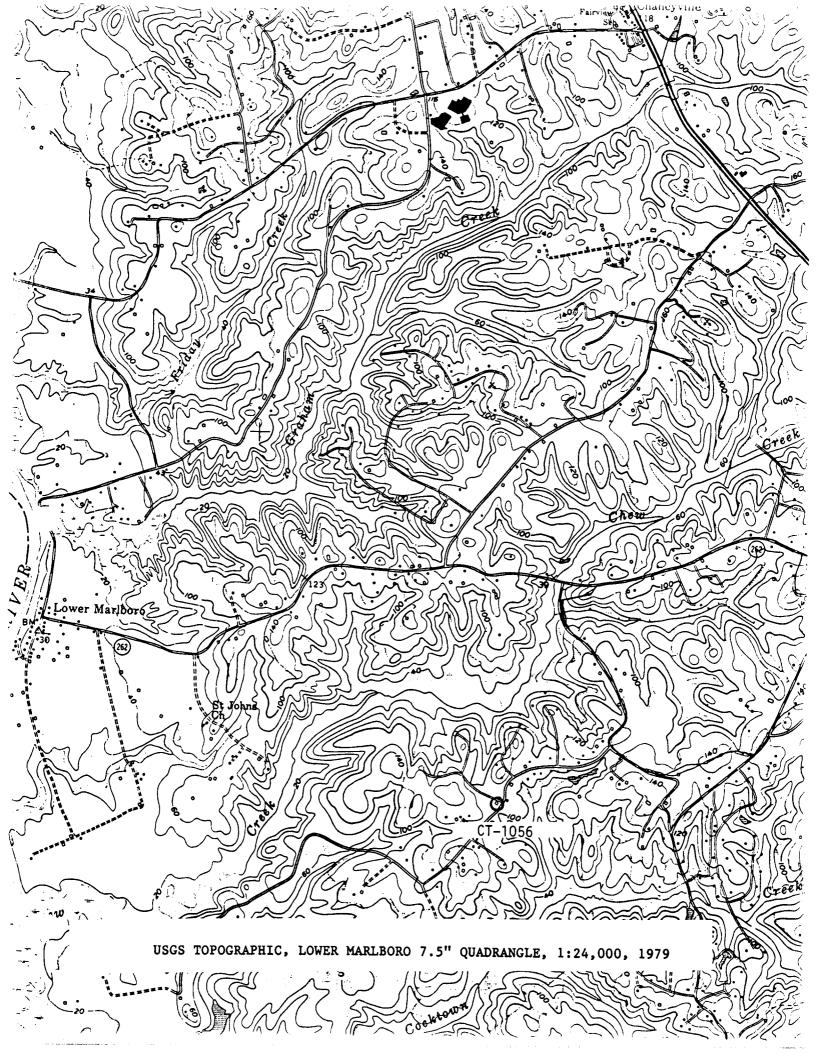
Historical Period theme(s): ca. 1830-; Tobacco; Agriculture Geographical Organization: Western Shore Chesapeake Bay Calvert Cty MD

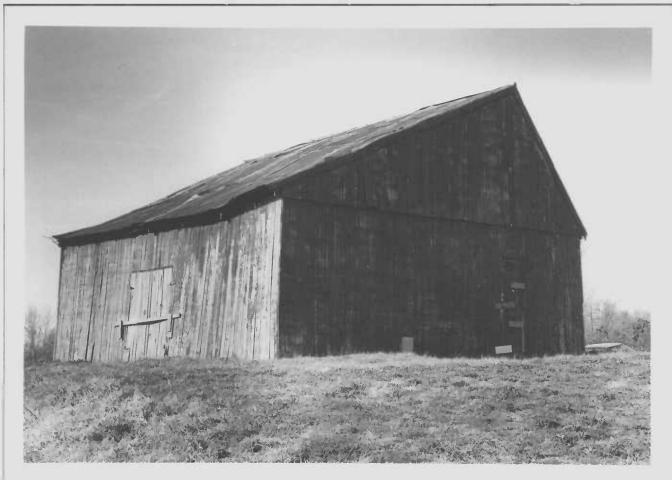
Chronological/Developmental Period: 1830-Present

Resource Type(s): Tobacco Barn

This barn has been altered little over the years. The most significant changes have been the addition of a metal roof, the insertion of concrete blocks for support, and the rebuilding of the lower portions of the south shed. It is not apparently associated with any family or farm, so this portion of its history remains unknown to us.







Patricia Mc Guire April , 1990